Claims:

1. A compound of Formula (I):

Formula (I)

5 wherein:

R¹ is selected from hydrogen and C₁₋₄alkyl;

 R^2 is selected from: R^4 - $C(R^{5a}R^{5b})$ -, R^4 = $C(R^6)$ - and $R^{7a}C(R^{7b})$ = $C(R^6)$ -;

R³-X- is selected from methyl, methoxymethyl and

H-C≣C\

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 ${f R}^4$ is selected from $C_{1\text{-}4}$ alkyl, phenyl, $C_{3\text{-}6}$ cycloalkyl and heteroaryl, wherein ${f R}^4$ is optionally substituted by one or two substituents independently selected from ${f R}^8$; ${f R}^{5a}$ and ${f R}^{5b}$ are independently selected from hydrogen, fluoro and $C_{1\text{-}4}$ alkyl;

R⁶ is selected from hydrogen and C₁₋₄alkyl;

- 15 R^{7a} and R^{7b} are independently selected from C₁₋₄alkyl wherein R^{7a} and R^{7b} are optionally substituted by one or two substituents independently selected from R⁸; R⁸ is independently selected from C₁₋₃alkyl, C₁₋₃alkoxy, fluoro and chloro; with the proviso that:
 - (i) at least one of R^{5a} and R^{5b} is fluoro; and
- 20 (ii) when \mathbb{R}^2 is $\mathbb{R}^4 = \mathbb{C}(\mathbb{R}^6)$ then \mathbb{R}^4 is \mathbb{C}_{3-6} cycloalkyl; or a salt, pro-drug or solvate thereof.
 - 2. A compound of formula (I) as claimed in Claim 1, which is a compound of Formula (Ia)

Formula (Ia)

wherein:

 \mathbb{R}^1 and \mathbb{R}^2 are as in claim 1:

- 5 or a salt, solvate or pro-drug thereof.
 - 3. A compound of formula (I) as claimed in Claim 1, which is a compound of a compound of Formula (Ic)

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Formula (Ic)

wherein:

 R^1 and R^2 are as defined in Claim 1; or a salt, solvate or pro-drug thereof.

- 15 4. A compound as claimed in any of claims 1 to 3, wherein R² is R⁴-C(R^{5a}R^{5b})-, or a salt, solvate or pro-drug thereof.
 - 5. A compound as claimed in any of claims 1 to 3, wherein R^2 is $R^4=C(R^6)$ -; or a salt, solvate or pro-drug thereof.

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6. A compound of formula (I) as claimed in Claim 1, wherein

R¹ is hydrogen;

 R^2 is selected from: R^4 - $C(R^{5a}R^{5b})$ - and R^4 = $C(R^6)$ -;

R³-X- is selected from methyl and methoxymethyl;

R⁴ is selected from phenyl and C_{3-6} cycloalkyl, wherein R^4 is optionally substituted by one or two substituents independently selected from R^7 ;

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 \mathbf{R}^{5a} and \mathbf{R}^{5b} are independently selected from hydrogen and fluoro;

R⁶ is hydrogen:

 ${\bf R}^7$ is independently selected from $C_{1\text{--}3}$ alkyl, $C_{1\text{--}3}$ alkoxy, fluoro and chloro; with the proviso that:

- (iii) at least one of \mathbb{R}^{5a} and \mathbb{R}^{5b} is fluoro;
- (iv) when \mathbb{R}^2 is \mathbb{R}^4 = $\mathbb{C}(\mathbb{R}^6)$ then \mathbb{R}^4 is $\mathbb{C}_{3\text{-}6}$ cycloalkyl; or a salt, solvate or pro-drug thereof.
- 7. A compound of formula (I) as claimed in Claim 6 wherein R⁷ is unsubstituted; or a salt, solvate or pro-drug thereof.
 - 8. A compound of formula (I) as claimed in Claim 6 wherein both \mathbf{R}^{5a} and \mathbf{R}^{5b} are fluoro; or a salt, solvate or pro-drug thereof.
- A compound of formula (I) as claimed in Claim 1, which compound is selected from:

 6-{[(3-[(2,2-difluoro-2-phenylethyl)oxy]-5-{[(1S)-1-methyl-2(methyloxy)ethyl]oxy}phenyl)carbonyl]amino}pyridine-3-carboxylic acid;

 6-[({3-[(2,2-difluoro-2-phenylethyl)oxy]-5-[(1methylethyl)oxy]phenyl}carbonyl)amino]pyridine-3-carboxylic acid;
- 6-{[(3-[(2-cyclopentylideneethyl)oxy]-5-{[(1S)-1-methyl-2-(methyloxy)ethyl]oxy}phenyl)carbonyl]amino}pyridine-3-carboxylic acid; and 6-{[(3-[(2-cyclopentylideneethyl)oxy]-5-[(1methylethyl)oxy]phenyl}carbonyl)amino]pyridine-3-carboxylic acid; or a salt, solvate or pro-drug thereof.
 - 10. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a compound of Formula (I) as claimed in any one of Claims 1 to 9, or a salt, solvate or prodrug thereof, together with a pharmaceutically-acceptable diluent or carrier.
- 30 11. A compound of Formula (I), as claimed in any one of Claims 1 to 9, or a salt, solvate or prodrug thereof, for use as a medicament.

- 12. A compound of Formula (I), as claimed in any one of Claims 1 to 9, or a salt, solvate or prodrug thereof, for use in the preparation of a medicament for treatment of a disease mediated through GLK, in particular type 2 diabetes.
- 5 13. A method of treating GLK mediated diseases, especially diabetes, by administering an effective amount of a compound of Formula (I), as claimed in any one of Claims 1 to 9, or a salt, solvate or prodrug thereof, to a mammal in need of such treatment.
- 14. The use of a compound of Formula (I), as claimed in any one of Claims 1 to 9, or salt,10 solvate or pro-drug thereof, in the preparation of a medicament for use in the combined treatment or prevention of diabetes and obesity.
- 15. The use of a compound of Formula (I), as claimed in any one of Claims 1 to 9, or salt, solvate or pro-drug thereof, in the preparation of a medicament for use in the treatment or prevention of obesity.
 - 16. A method for the combined treatment of obesity and diabetes by administering an effective amount of a compound of Formula (I), as claimed in any one of Claims 1 to 9, or salt, solvate or pro-drug thereof, to a mammal in need of such treatment.

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- 17. A method for the treatment of obesity by administering an effective amount of a compound of Formula (I), as claimed in any one of Claims 1 to 9, or salt, solvate or pro-drug thereof, to a mammal in need of such treatment.
- 25 18. A process for the preparation of a compound of Formula (I) as claimed in Claim 1, a sait, pro-arug or solvate thereof which comprises:

 comprises:

- 45 -

(a) reaction of an acid of Formula (IIIa) or activated derivative thereof with a compound of Formula (IIIb),

- 5 wherein P^1 is hydrogen or a protecting group; or
 - (b) de-protection of a compound of Formula (IIIc),

$$R^{1}$$
 R^{2}
 O
 O
 O
 O
 O

Formula (IIIc)

wherein P^2 is a protecting group; or

10 (c) reaction of a compound of Formula (IIId) with a compound of Formula (IIIe),

Formula (IIId) Formula (IIIe) wherein \mathbf{X}^1 is a leaving group and \mathbf{X}^2 is a hydroxyl group or \mathbf{X}^1 is a hydroxyl group and

 X^2 is a leaving group and wherein P^1 is hydrogen or a protecting group; or

15 (d) reaction of a compound of Formula (IIIf) with a compound of Formula (IIIg)

Formula (IIIf)

Formula (IIIg)

wherein X^3 is a leaving group and X^4 is a hydroxyl group or X^3 is a hydroxyl group and X^4 is a leaving group wherein P^1 is hydrogen or a protecting group; or

5 (e) reaction of a compound of Formula (IIIh) with a compound of Formula (IIIi),

wherein X^5 is a leaving group and wherein P^1 is hydrogen or a protecting group; and thereafter, if necessary:

- 10 i) converting a compound of Formula (I) into another compound of Formula (I);
 - ii) removing any protecting groups;
 - iii) forming a salt, pro-drug or solvate thereof.